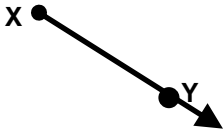
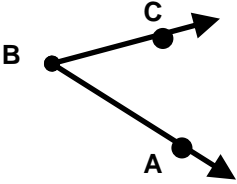


**TOPIC 2-1: ANGLE BASICS**

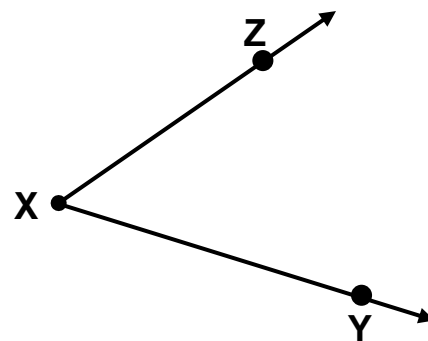
TERM	DEFINITION	PICTURE (& how to name it)
Ray	An object consisting of _____ endpoint and continuing infinitely in one direction. It is named by endpoint first – regardless of the direction it is pointing	
Angle	An object consisting of two _____ (called sides) with a common endpoint (called vertex) It is named by just the vertex (if it is the only angle) or with the vertex as the middle letter	

Name each of the following:

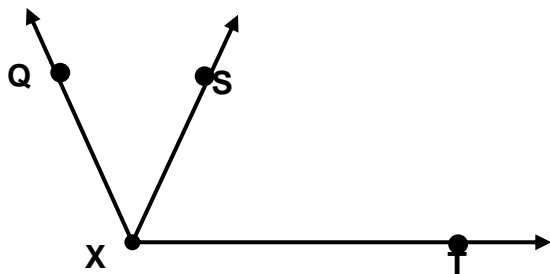
Sides: \_\_\_\_\_

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_



Name all the angles you see in the picture below.



Why can't you just use one letter to name these angles?

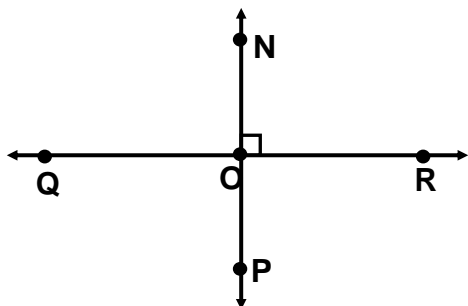
For each of the following angles:

A) Name it.

B) Tell whether its measure is  $<90^\circ$ ,  $>90^\circ$ ,  $=90^\circ$ , or  $= 180^\circ$ .

C) Classify it as acute, obtuse, right or straight.

PICTURE	NAME(A)	MEASURE(B)	CLASSIFY(C)



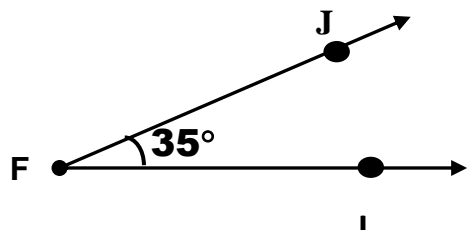
Classify  $\angle NOR$  \_\_\_\_\_

Classify  $\angle QOR$  \_\_\_\_\_

Lines that intersect to form 4 right angles are called \_\_\_\_\_.

The symbol for perpendicular is \_\_\_\_\_.

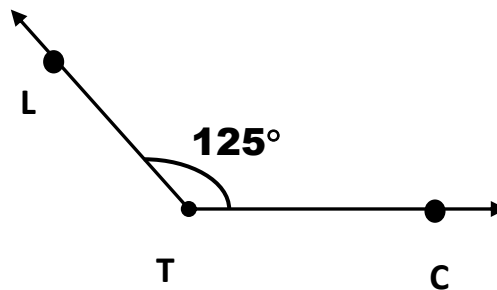
**EXAMPLE 6** For each of the following angles A) Name it. B) Tell whether its measure is  $<90^\circ$ ,  $>90^\circ$ ,  $=90^\circ$ , or  $=180^\circ$ . C) Classify it.



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_

MEASURE: \_\_\_\_\_

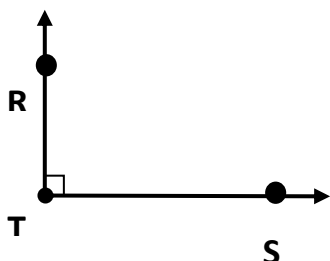
CLASSIFICATION \_\_\_\_\_



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_

MEASURE: \_\_\_\_\_

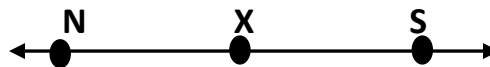
CLASSIFICATION \_\_\_\_\_



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_

MEASURE: \_\_\_\_\_

CLASSIFICATION \_\_\_\_\_



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_

MEASURE: \_\_\_\_\_

CLASSIFICATION \_\_\_\_\_