## TOPIC 16-3: ARCS \& CHORDS

THEOREM: In a circle (or congruent circles), 2 minor arcs are congruent if and only if their corresponding chords are congruent.

Use the figure to answer the questions below.
a) Which two chords are congruent?
$\qquad$
b) Which two arcs are congruent?

c) What are the measures of their arcs? $\qquad$

If $P S=12$ and $T R=15$, then find $Q R$.


QR = $\qquad$

Find HI.

$\mathrm{HI}=$

THEOREM: In a circle, if a diameter (or radius) is perpendicular to a chord, then it bisects the chord and its arc.
$\overline{A D} \perp \overline{B C}, A E=12$, and the radius is 13 . Find the Following:
a) $E D=$
b) $\mathrm{AC}=$ $\qquad$
c) $A B=$ $\qquad$
d) $E B=$ $\qquad$
e) $\mathrm{EC}=$ $\qquad$
f) $\mathrm{BC}=$ $\qquad$


In circle $A, S Q=12$ and $A T=8$. Find $T R$.

$T R=$ $\qquad$

THEOREM: In a circle (or congruent circles), two chords are congruent if and only if they are equidistant from the center.

Find the values of ' $x$ ' and ' $y$ '.
$\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{y}=$ $\qquad$


In circle $O, F L=3, G O=5$, and $O P=4$. Find HJ .


HJ = $\qquad$

