## TOPIC 16-2: ARCS, SEMICIRCLES, \& CENTRAL ANGLES

## Name the following:

The central angle: $\qquad$
The minor arc: $\qquad$


The major arc:

## THEOREM: SUM OF CENTRAL ANGLES

The sum of the measures of the central angles of a circle with no interior points in common is $\qquad$ .

Arcs are measured by their corresponding central angles.
Central Angle = Arc


- $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{PCM}=$ $\qquad$
- $m \mathrm{PM}=$ $\qquad$
- $m$ PNM $=$ $\qquad$
- What kind of arc is PM? How do you know? $\qquad$

A SEMICIRLCE is an arc with a measure of $\qquad$ . It is named by its endpoints and another point on the arc.

In circle $E, m \angle A E N=18^{\circ}, \overline{\mathrm{JN}}$ is a diameter, and $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{JES}=90^{\circ}$.
Find each measure.
a) $m \widehat{A N}=$ $\qquad$
b) $m \overparen{J A}=$ $\qquad$
c) $m \overparen{J A S}=$ $\qquad$


Knowing: $\quad \overrightarrow{F D}$ is a tangent to circle $O$. Based on the angle measures given, find the measure of each of the following:
a) $\overparen{A B}=$ $\qquad$
b) $\overparen{A D}=$ $\qquad$
c) $\overparen{A C}=$ $\qquad$
d) $B C=$ $\qquad$
e) $\mathrm{ADC}=$ $\qquad$
f) $A C D=$ $\qquad$
g) $E D=$ $\qquad$

h) $\overparen{A E}=$ $\qquad$
i) $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{DOF}=$ $\qquad$
j) $m \angle E O A=$

Find the indicated measures.
$\mathbf{x}=$ $\qquad$
$m \angle A E B=$ $\qquad$
$m \angle B E C=$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{CED}=$ $\qquad$

$\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{DEA}=$ $\qquad$

## Now You Try the Next Two:

\#1: Find the measure of each arc in circle $C$ and classify it. In the figure PZ is a diameter.
a) $\mathrm{PN}=$ $\qquad$ ;

b) $Z Q P=$ $\qquad$ ;
c) $\hat{R Z}=$ $\qquad$ ;
d) $\mathrm{ZMP}=$ $\qquad$ ;
e) $\mathrm{RM}=$ $\qquad$ ; $\qquad$

f) $\mathrm{NQP}=$ $\qquad$ ;
g) $Q N=$ $\qquad$ ; $\qquad$
h) $R P=$ $\qquad$ ; $\qquad$

Find the indicated measures in circle $P, \overrightarrow{Z X}$ is a tangent.
a) $\overline{\mathrm{FY}}=$ $\qquad$
b) $\mathrm{YX}=$ $\qquad$
c) $\mathrm{FD}=$ $\qquad$
d) $D X=$
e) $m \angle \mathrm{DPX}=$ $\qquad$
f) $m \angle X P Y=$ $\qquad$
g) $\mathrm{m} \angle \mathrm{PXZ}=$ $\qquad$


