## TOPIC 14-3: SURFACE AREA \& VOLUME OF CONES

The figure below is a net for a right cone:


You can find the formulas for Area and Volume of cones on your STAAR Mathematics Chart.

The Lateral Area of a cone measures the area of the $\qquad$ surface.


The Total Area is the sum of the Lateral Area and the area of the
$\qquad$ .


The Volume measures the amount of space enclosed in the of a 3-dimensional object.
$\square$
Since the base of a cone is a $\qquad$ , $B=$ $\qquad$ .

EXAMPLE 1: For the cone below, find the EXACT Lateral Area, Total Area, and Volume.(List Parts first!)


Lateral Area = $\qquad$
Total Area $=$ $\qquad$
Volume $=$ $\qquad$

EXAMPLE 2: For the cone below, find the EXACT Lateral Area, Total Area, and Volume.


Lateral Area = $\qquad$
Total Area = $\qquad$
Volume = $\qquad$

EXAMPLE 3: If the volume of a cone is $12 \pi \mathrm{ft}^{3}$ and the radius is 3 ft . Find the height, slant height, Lateral Area, and Total Area, rounding to the nearest tenth as necessary.

Height $=$ $\qquad$
Slant Height = $\qquad$
Lateral Area = $\qquad$
Total Area $=$ $\qquad$

EXAMPLE 4: Cone A has a radius of 9 and a height of 12. Cone B has a radius of 12 and a height of 9 . Fill in the blanks below.

Cone $\qquad$ has a greater Volume

Cone $\qquad$ has a greater Lateral Area

