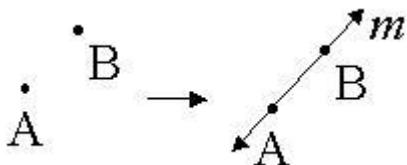


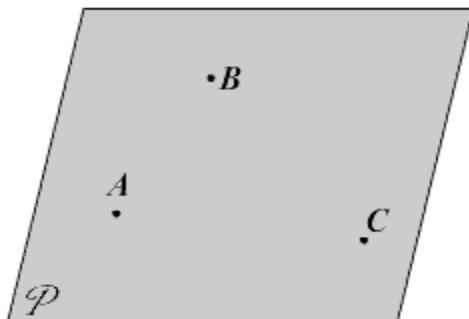
**TOPIC 1-3: POSTULATES AND INTERSECTIONS**

A **postulate**, or axiom, is a statement that is accepted as true without proof. Postulates about points, lines & planes help describe geometric properties

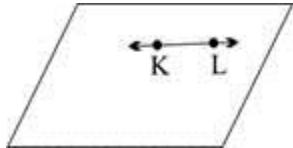
- Through any two points there is exactly one \_\_\_\_\_.
- 



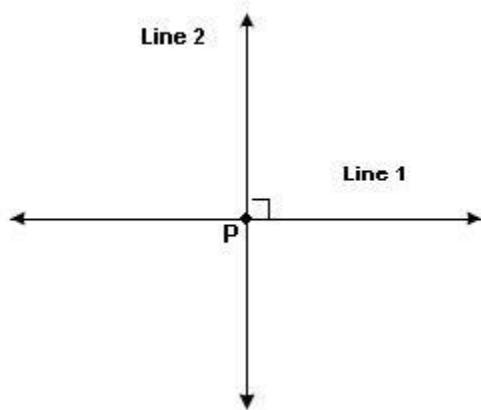
- Through any three NON-COLLINEAR points there is exactly one \_\_\_\_\_ containing them.



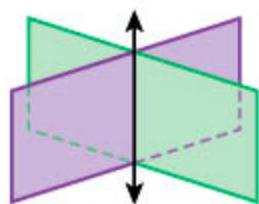
- If two points lie in a plane, then the line containing those points \_\_\_\_\_ in the plane.



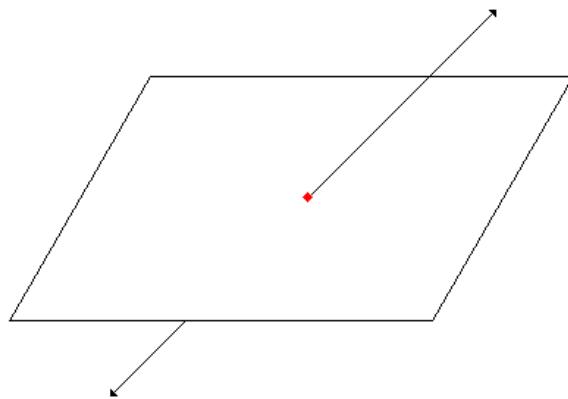
- If two lines intersect, then they intersect in exactly one \_\_\_\_\_.

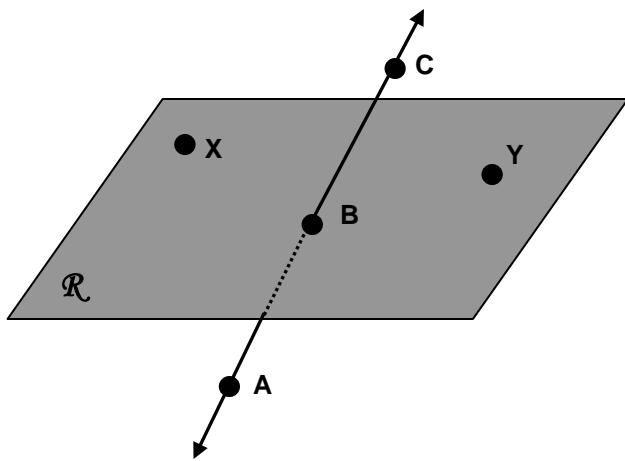


- If two planes intersect, then they intersect in exactly one \_\_\_\_\_.



- If a line intersects a plane and is not in the plane, then they intersect in exactly one \_\_\_\_\_.





THINGS WE KNOW FROM THE PICTURE:

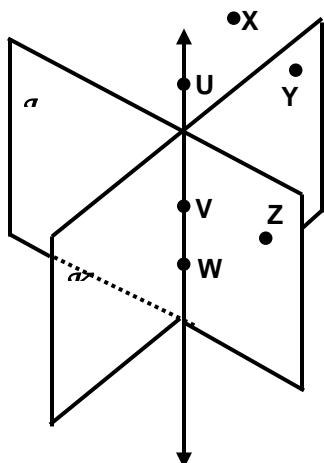
1)  $X$ ,  $B$  and  $Y$  are \_\_\_\_\_.

2)  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are \_\_\_\_\_.

3)  $\overrightarrow{BA}$  and  $\overrightarrow{BC}$  are \_\_\_\_\_.

4)  $X$ ,  $B$ ,  $Y$  and  $C$  are \_\_\_\_\_.

a) Name three points that determine plane  $\mathcal{J}$ .



b) Name a set of collinear points, and a set of non-collinear points.

Collinear Points: Non-Collinear Points:

c) Name a set of points that are coplanar other than those in example a).